

## Pre-Reading Assignment

In the following passage:

- Label all Subjects (S), Verbs (V) and Objects (O) or Complements (C) above the Latin word
- Put parentheses around prepositional phrases
- Draw an arrow from each Adjectival Modifier (Adj. or Gen. Noun) to the word it modifies.
- Put square brackets around dependent clauses and label each clause (Adv. or Adj.).

Remember to try guessing the words in bold before looking for meanings in the vocabulary below.

### Narrative Reading III, pt. 1 (*adapted*)

*After the death of Romulus, Numa, a Sabine leader, became king of Rome. He built the famous temple of Janus, established priesthoods and a series of religious rites, and became known for his piety and peaceful policies.*

[Numa] **pietāte** omnium pectora **imbuerat**, ita fidēs ac iūs prō lēgum ac poenārum metū cīvitatē regēbant. Lūcus erat, quem medium fons rigābat aquā, ubi saepe Numa sōlus ambulābat, et Camēnīs eum lūcum sacrāvit, quod in hōc locō eārum concilia cum coniuge suā Egeriā erant. Fideī sollemne īnstituit et multa alia **sacrificia** locaque sacrīs quae “Argeōs” pontificēs vocant dēdicāvit.

#### Vocabulary:

pietās, -tātis <i>f.</i>	piety (etc.)	Fidēs, -eī <i>f.</i>	Faith, personified as a goddess
imbuō, -ere, -uī	to imbue, instill	sollemne, -is <i>n.</i>	festival, ceremony
ac = et		sacra, -ōrum <i>n.</i>	sacrifices
poēna, -ae <i>f.</i>	penalty	īnstituō, -ere,	to establish,
lūcus, -ī <i>m.</i>	sacred grove	īnstituī	institute
fons, fontis <i>m.</i>	spring, stream	sacrificium, -ī <i>n.</i>	sacrifice
rigō, -āre	to wet, moisten	Argeī, -ōrum <i>m.</i>	shrines ( <i>source unknown</i> )
Camēnae, -ārum <i>f.</i>	Muses	pontifex, -icis <i>m.</i>	high priest
sacrō, -āre, -āvī	to consecrate		
concilium, -iī <i>n.</i>	meeting		
Egeria, -ae <i>f.</i>	Egeria, a nymph and Numa's wife		